IN THE SENATE

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 107

BY JUDICIARY AND RULES COMMITTEE

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STATING FINDINGS OF THE SENATE AND REPEALING RULE 52 OF THE RULES OF THE SENATE RELATING TO CERTAIN MAILING; PROVIDING FOR THE AMENDMENT OF RULE 53 OF THE RULES OF THE SENATE TO REDESIGNATE THE SENATE RULE NUMBER, TO PROVIDE FOR MATERIAL VIOLATIONS REGARDING CERTAIN COMPLAINTS, AND TO PROVIDE THAT PRIVATE COMMUNICATIONS WITH LEADERSHIP SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED AS VIOLATING CERTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY REQUIREMENTS; AND PROVIDING FOR THE AMENDMENT OF RULE 54 OF THE RULES OF THE SENATE TO REDESIGNATE THE SENATE RULE NUMBER.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of Idaho:

WHEREAS, the Senate deems it necessary and desirable to repeal Rule 52 of the Rules of the Senate; and

WHEREAS, the Senate deems it necessary and desirable that Rule 53 and Rule 54 of the Rules of the Senate be amended.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the Senate, assembled in the Second Regular Session of the Sixty-fifth Idaho Legislature, that Rule 52 of the Rules of the Senate, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that Rule 53 and Rule 54 of the Rules of the Senate shall be amended to read as follows:

RULE 532

Committee on Ethics. -- (A) The President Pro Tempore shall receive complaints from any Senator concerning the alleged violation of the Rules of the Senate or the provisions of applicable law by a member of the Senate. Whenever such a complaint is received, the President Pro Tempore shall appoint a committee on ethics of six members, consisting of a chairman and five members, three of whom must be appointed with the concurrence of the leader of the party opposite to the party of the President Pro Tempore.

- (B) The complaint shall be in writing, signed, verified and contain one or more of the following allegations:
 - (1) Substantial conduct unbecoming a Senator;
 - (2) A <u>material</u> violation of the Rules of the Senate, including: (i) the disclosure of any information that is confidential concerning the preliminary investigation provided in subsection (E) of this Senate Rule; or (ii) the disclosure of any information, preliminary investigation or written complaint, except as provided in subsection (F) of this Senate Rule;
 - (3) A violation of any state law relating to the use of public office for private pecuniary gain;

- (4) A violation of any state law relating to conflicts of interest; or
- (5) A violation of any state law that brings discredit or embarrassment to the Senate or that constitutes a breach of public trust.
- (C) The complaint shall be specific and supported by competent preliminary evidence of the violation of the Rules of the Senate or the provisions of applicable law, including: (i) the name of the member of the Senate alleged to be in violation; and (ii) the description of the facts and circumstances supporting each alleged violation.
- (D) The President Pro Tempore shall provide the written complaint to the chairman of the committee on ethics. Subject to the provisions of this rule, the committee shall review the written complaint. The committee may dismiss any ethics complaint that:
 - (1) Does not comply with this Senate Rule;

- (2) Contains alleged violations that occurred: (i) two years or more before the date on which the complaint was submitted to the committee; or (ii) before the accused Senator was sworn in to the Senate.
- (E) The committee shall notify the Senator complained against of the complaint and shall provide the Senator a copy of the complaint. The Senator complained against may submit a written answer to the committee. The committee shall make a preliminary investigation of the complaint. Notwithstanding the provisions of Senate Rule 20, such investigatory meetings shall be held in executive session. If, after investigation, the committee determines no probable cause exists that a violation has occurred, the committee shall dismiss the complaint and notify the complaining Senator and the Senator complained against. All proceedings of the committee, pursuant to this subsection (E), including the complaint and the appointment of the committee shall remain confidential, except that private communications with members of majority or minority leadership shall not be construed as violating this requirement of confidentiality.
- (F) If, after investigation, the committee determines probable cause exists that a violation may have occurred, the committee shall so notify the complaining Senator and the Senator complained against. At that time, the written complaint and the formation of the committee shall no longer be confidential, but shall become a public document. The Senator complained against may request a hearing before the committee, before which he shall be entitled to appear, present evidence, cross-examine witnesses, and be represented by counsel. The committee shall have the power to take testimony under oath and to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum in the manner provided in Chapter 4, Title 67, Idaho Code. After the hearing, the committee may make recommendations to the Senate. The committee may recommend dismissal of the charges, reprimand, censure, or expulsion. Expulsion of a Senate member shall require the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members elected to the Senate, as provided by Section 11 of Article III of the Constitution. Reprimand or censure of a member shall require the affirma-

tive vote of a majority of the members elected to the Senate. Action of the Senate pursuant to this rule is final and not subject to court review.

- (G) The committee may retain such counsel and may hire such investigators as it deems necessary for the performance of its duties under this rule, or may request an advisory opinion from the Attorney General. All expenditures incurred pursuant to this subsection (G) shall be approved by the President Pro Tempore and paid by vouchers and warrants drawn as provided by law from appropriations made to the Legislative Account.
- (H) The committee may adopt rules of procedure for the orderly conduct of committee meetings, investigations, and hearings, which rules shall be consistent with this rule and other applicable rules of the Senate and state statutes.
- (I) If the complaint concerns misconduct of the President Pro Tempore, then the duties of the President Pro Tempore in this rule shall be the duties of the floor leader of the same party as the President Pro Tempore.

RULE 543

Contest of Election -- Procedures. This Rule governs procedures leading up to and including a hearing on the contest of election. It should be read in conjunction with Chapter 21, Title 34, Idaho Code. For purposes of this Rule, the term "Party" means either the CONTESTEE or the CONTESTOR; the term "Parties" means both.

- (A) Any proof of the CONTESTEE's or CONTESTOR's legal arguments, including depositions, affidavits, production of papers, and examination of poll books and ballots (herein "Record") that either CONTESTEE or CONTESTOR desires the Senate to consider in adjudication of a Contest must be completed on or before December 29. CONTESTEE and CONTESTOR's Record must be delivered to the Office of the Secretary of State no later than the close of business on the next business day. Any Record or evidence from the CONTESTEE or CONTESTOR not delivered to the Office of the Secretary of State by that day and time will not be considered by the Senate.
- (B) The Parties must file a Memorandum that outlines their claims, defenses, legal authority, legislative precedent, proposed form of relief, and a description of witness fees and discovery costs that are incurred. The Memorandum must be filed with the Office of the Secretary of State no later than the close of business four (4) business days following delivery of the Record to the Office of the Secretary of State as provided in paragraph (A). However, CONTESTEE is not required to file a responsive pleading to the Contest.
- (C) Any Party may file a Responsive Memorandum. If a Party chooses to file a Responsive Memorandum, it must be filed with the Office of the Secretary of State no later than the close of business on the first day of the next Regular Session.
- (D) If an unresolved discovery or Record dispute exists and continues between the CONTESTEE and the CONTESTOR, and on motion duly made, the presiding officer or his designee may rule on the dispute. Neither the CONTESTEE nor the CONTESTOR will be granted any additional time beyond December 29 to develop or deliver his Record.
- (E) Committee hearing procedures. If the Senate refers the Contest of Election to a Standing or Special Committee, the Committee Chairman

will notify the Parties of the Committee hearing procedures. The following procedures, subject to the discretion of the Committee Chairman, will govern the hearing:

- (1) No additional testimony or Record may be presented, taken, or allowed by the Parties beyond the Record delivered to the Office of the Secretary of State as provided in paragraph (A) of this Rule.
- (2) Neither CONTESTEE nor CONTESTOR may examine or cross-examine any witness that testifies before the Committee. All examination will be performed by Committee members.
- (3) Pursuant to Section 34-2104, Idaho Code, only the named points in the Notice of Contest of Elections may be argued.
- (4) The Committee may send for and receive persons, papers, and records, whether written or oral, including from the Office of the Attorney General, other State Elected Officers, State officials, County Elected Officers, County officials, or other witnesses that the Committee determines will reasonably assist the Committee in the performance of its constitutional duty as a "judge of the election, qualifications and returns of its own members," Section 9, Article III, Idaho Constitution.
- (5) In all other respects, the Committee will be governed by the rules of the Senate.
- (F) The Committee may adopt any of the following as part of the hearing procedures:
 - (1) Permit the Parties to have counsel present at Committee meeting(s); and
 - (2) Establish a time limit for the CONTESTEE and CONTESTOR to argue their positions to the Committee.
- (G) Neither CONTESTEE nor CONTESTOR, nor their counsel, may participate in ex parte communication with any Idaho State Senator regarding the merits of the Contest of Election prior to final Senate determination.
- (H) Service of all Record, Memorandum, Responsive Memorandum, motions, or objections must be made on the other Party as provided in Idaho Rules of Civil Procedure 5(b), excepting subpart 5(b)(2)(D). The Parties must also provide a proof of service as provided by Idaho Rules of Civil Procedure 5(e). The Parties must work in good faith to ensure reasonable and timely service, considering the limited time periods.
- (I) Nothing in this Rule limits or restricts the Senate in the performance of its duties as the judge of the election, qualifications and returns of its members.